

# Ch3 Review

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CMPT14x

Dr. Sean Ho

Trinity Western University

# Review of last time (§2.6-3.13)

- Formatted output
- `abs()`, `+=`, `string.capitalize()`
- Qualified `import`
- Selection: `if`, `if..else..`, `if..elif..else`
- Loops: `while`
  - Sentinel variables
  - Loop counters
  - Using mathematical closed forms instead of loops
- For loops

# What's on for today (§4.1-4.3)

- **Procedures** (functions, subroutines)
  - **No** parameters
  - With **parameters**
  - **Scope**
  - **Global** variables (why not to use them)
- **Functions** (return a value)
- Call-by-**value** vs call-by-**reference**

# Procedures

- Fourth program structure/flow abstraction is **composition**
- This is implemented in Python using **procedures**
  - Also called functions, subroutines
- A **procedure** is a chunk of code doing a **sub-task**
  - Written **once**, can be used **many** times
- We've already been using procedures:
  - print, input, raw\_input, etc. (**not** if or while)

# Procedure input and output

- Procedures can do the **same** thing every time:
  - ◆ `print` # prints a new line
- Or they can change behaviour depending on **parameters** (arguments) input to the procedure:
  - ◆ `print("Hello!")` # prints the string parameter
  - List of parameters goes in **parentheses**
    - ◆ (`print` is special and doesn't always need parens)
- Procedures can also **return** a value for use in an expression:
  - ◆ `numApples = input("How many apples? ")`

# TODO

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- Quiz ch2-3 on Mon
- Lab02 due next Wed: 3.14 # 16 / 17 / 23a / 23b / 23c
- Read through §4.7 and Py ch5 for Mon