

CMPT 166: Object-Oriented Programming Using Java

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CMPT166

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- Please pick up a **syllabus**
- Please ping me an email from your **preferred email account**

What's on for today

- Languages: machine, assembly, high-level
- Java code translation
- JavaSE vs. JavaEE vs. JavaME
- JDK vs. JRE
- Principles of object-oriented languages
- A first Java program: “Hello, World!”
- Comments and doc-comments
- Compiling and running a Java program
- Java development environments

Review: Languages

- **Machine** language
 - “**Native tongue**” of computer (CPU, etc.)
 - Highly **specific** to machine (P4, Atom, ...)
- **Assembly** language
 - English-like **abbreviations** for operations
- **High-level** language
 - More “**English-like**” instructions
 - ◆ Common operations: arithmetic, I/O, etc.
 - **Compiler** converts to machine language
- **Interpreter**: execute high-level **w/o** compile

Compiling: Python vs. C

- Python is an interpreted language:
 - When you press F5 in IDLE to run,
 - Code is first compiled into bytecode, then
 - Executed by the Python virtual machine
 - ◆ Bytecode: *.pyc files (e.g., compile libs)
- C++ is a compiled language:
 - C++ compiler produces object files (*.o)
 - Linked together with libraries
 - To produce executable (*.exe)

Compiling: Java

- **Edit**: programmer writes program
 - IDE: Eclipse, NetBeans, plain-text editor, etc.
- **Compile**: compiler translates to bytecode
 - Machine-independent
- **Load**: class loader stores bytecodes in RAM
- **Verify**: check security (e.g., www)
- **Execute**: interpreter translates bytecodes into machine language

Where is Java used?

- Originally for **consumer electronic** devices
 - Popularized with web **applets** (**client-side**)
- **JavaSE** (**Standard** Edition): **general** use
- **JavaEE** (**Enterprise** Edition): application **servers**, e.g., web servers: fault-tolerant, distributed
- **JavaME** (**Micro** Edition):
 - Cell **phones**, Kindle, Android, etc.
 - **Point-of-sale** (Sears, K-mart, Home Depot, ...)
 - **Embedded** Java: Ricoh **copiers**, Systronix for **robotics**, SunSPOT for remote **sensors**, etc.

Java kits: JDK vs. JRE

■ JRE: Java Runtime Environment

- Everything you need to **run** other people's compiled Java programs
- **Interpreter** translates bytecode to machine language: **java**

■ JDK: Java Development Kit

- JRE plus everything you need to **write** your own Java programs
- **Compiler** translates Java to bytecode: **javac**

■ On java.sun.com or Savitch textbook CD

Object-oriented principles

- Alan Kay's Smalltalk (1980): very pure OO
 - Java: C-like, but designed OO from the start
- Five basic principles:
 - **Everything is an object**: w/ attribs, methods
 - A **program** is a set of objects passing **messages**
 - Each object has its own **memory**, storing other objects
 - Every object has a **type** (class)
 - All objects of the same type can **receive** the same messages

Java is object-oriented

- Everything is an **object**
 - Objects are instances of **classes**
- Write your program by **defining** classes:
 - **Attributes** (variables; data)
 - **Methods** (behaviour; functions)
 - **Interfaces** (collections of methods)
 - ◆ A class may implement more than one interface
 - ◆ An interface may be implemented by more than one class
- Can't have **orphaned** code outside of any class!

A first Java program

- (see [HelloWorld.java](#))
- Rule of thumb is **one public class per file**.
 - Same **name** as the *.java file
 - Sometimes can have small **helper** classes within the file, too
- The **main()** method begins execution
 - Like C/C++
 - Declare it **public** and **static**, return type **void**
 - ◆ **Public** means other classes can **see** it
 - ◆ We'll get to **public** and other keywords later

Comments and doc-comments

- Comments can either be
 - C-style: `/* hi there! */`
 - C++ - style: `// hi there!`
- Doc-comments start with `/**` (note **two** stars)
 - Structured comments can be interpreted by `javadoc`
 - Similar to Python `docstrings`
 - `@keywords`: e.g., `@author`, `@copyright`
 - Pre/post-conditions: `@param`, `@return`
 - See JavaDoc webpage for more info

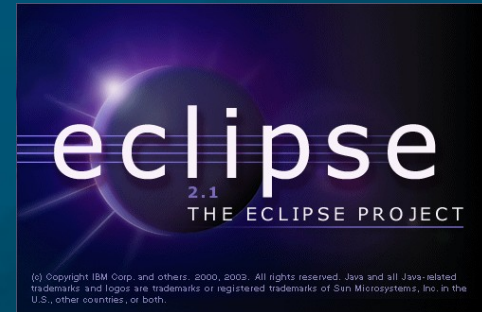
Compile and run

- Compile: `javac HelloWorld.java`
- Run: `java HelloWorld`

- `javac` is standard **JavaSE** compiler from Sun
- **Eclipse** has its own incremental compiler, `ecj`
- Other compilers by **IBM**, `gcj` (gcc), Apple **Xcode**

Development environments

- **Source code** is just plain-text, all we need is a text editor and the **compiler**
- But **integrated development environments** (IDEs) make life easier
 - **IDLE** is a basic one for Python
 - **MS Visual Studio** is a very complex and expensive one for C++, C#, etc.
 - **Eclipse** is also sophisticated, and free
- Manage multiple **projects, classes, and files**
- Syntax **highlighting, indent, auto-complete**



Class policy on IDEs

- For class purposes, you may use any IDE you feel comfortable with, **but**:
- I have to be able to **re-compile**+run your code!
 - There could be **incompatibilities** between compilers or versions of Java
 - I will be using **Eclipse 3.5.1** (w/ ecj)
 - I also have **Sun's JavaSE 1.6** on my laptop
- The only **officially-supported** setup is Eclipse 3.5.1 in the senior lab
 - *(demo Eclipse)*

CMPT166 programming labs

- CMPT166 is weighted heavily on **programming labs** (about 6 total)
- These are **sizeable** programming projects; allocate plenty of time to work on them!
- **Individual** work – you may discuss with your classmates, but your code should be your own
 - I'm open to **team projects** if you want, but the scope should expand accordingly
- **Write-ups** (see sample): **design, libraries, variables, pseudocode(s), sample IO, test cases**

TODO

- **Lab0** (due next **Mon**): “Hello, World!”
 - Get familiar with a Java **development** environment: **Eclipse**, **NetBeans**, or other
 - Write a simple “**Hello, World!**” program
 - Nothing to turn in
- **Lab1** (due in **2 weeks**): Control/Flow
 - Savitch text, pp.**162-164**. Choose one of:
 - **#2**: game of **craps**
 - **#5**: **loan** calculator
 - **#8**: **cryptarithmic** puzzles